

Kliniderm® Superabsorbent



Absorb + Lock

Super absorbency
Super performance
even under compression



at the heart of healthcare



Managing **Highly Exuding Wounds**

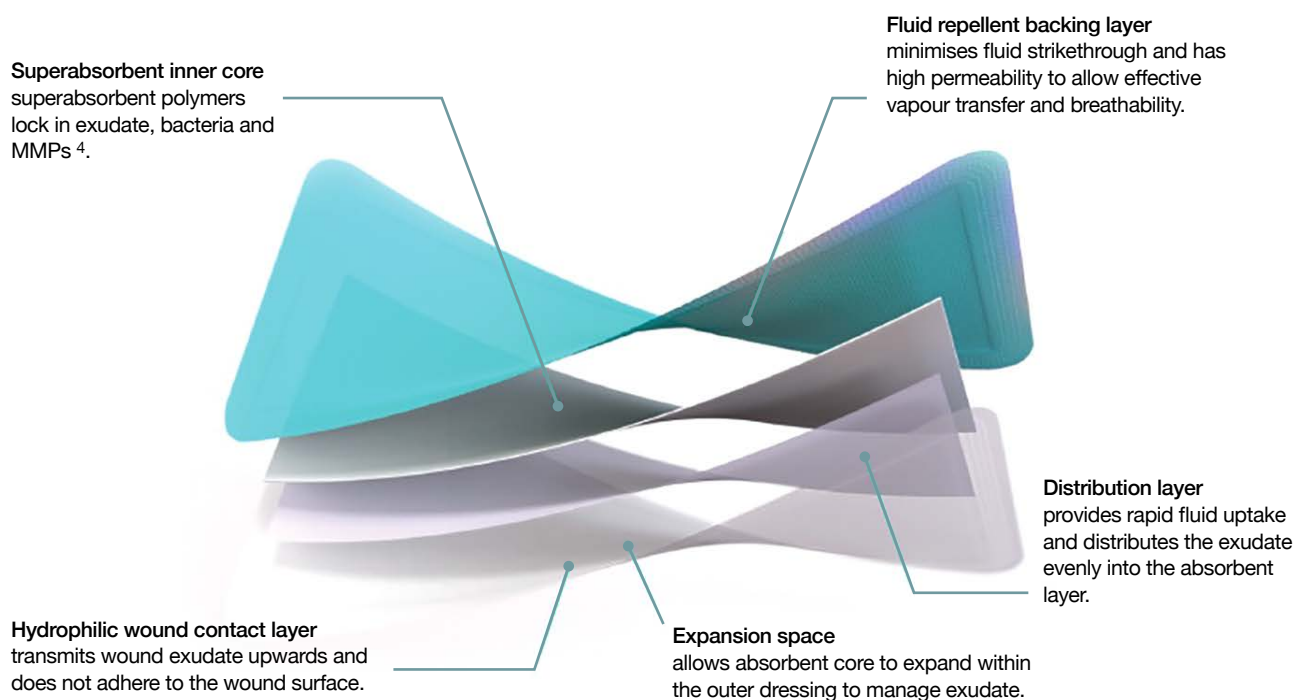
Effective assessment and management of exudate is crucial for successful wound healing¹.

Whilst acute wounds produce reparative exudates containing growth factors to support extracellular matrix production, chronic wounds contain inflammatory-producing exudates with cytokines and proteases, which can be destructive to the fragile wound bed and may extend to the peri-wound surface². Chronic, difficult-to-heal wounds are often in an increased state of inflammation, with increasing exudate levels, making them susceptible to biofilm formation and infection^{2,3}. As these conditions further impair the wound's capacity to heal quickly, very absorbent dressings are required to successfully manage the high exudate levels and protect the peri-wound skin.

A dressing will not solve the underlying causes of excess exudate; however, choosing a dressing that can maintain a moist wound healing environment and retain exudate is imperative to being able to manage it. If exudate is not effectively managed it can lead to leakage and soiling, peri-wound maceration, delayed healing, odour, discomfort, pain and infection, the need for frequent dressing changes and psycho-social issues that may result in social isolation.

Why choose Kliniderm® **Superabsorbent**

Kliniderm Superabsorbent dressings are advanced wound dressings, with four-layer construction, designed for moderate to heavily exuding wounds. They facilitate wound healing by maintaining a moist wound environment and prevent the maceration of surrounding skin by retaining the wound exudate within the core of the dressing.



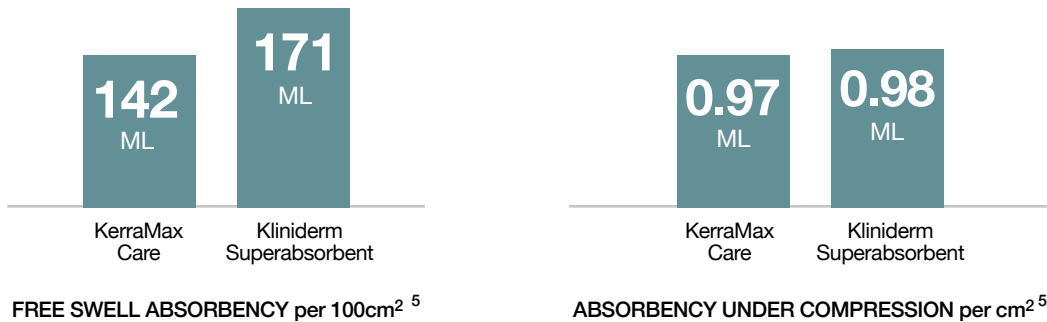
Evidence based care

RETENTION OF EXUDATE



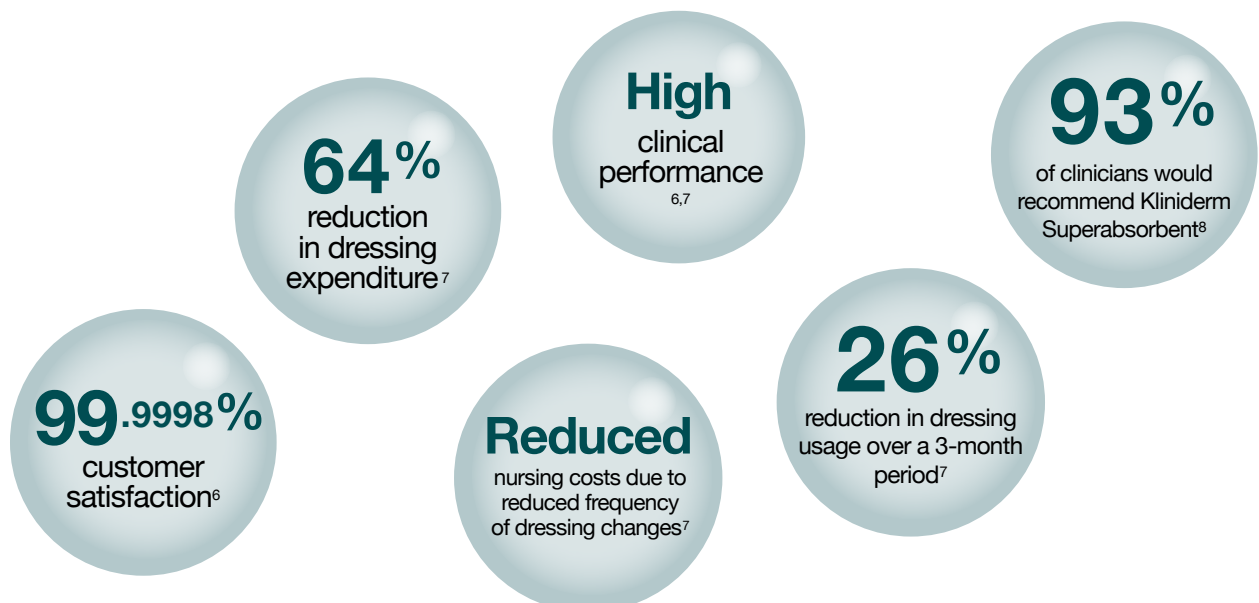
The Superabsorbent inner core, upon contact with exudate, crystallises to lock the exudate and bacteria into the dressing.

FLUID HANDLING ABILITY



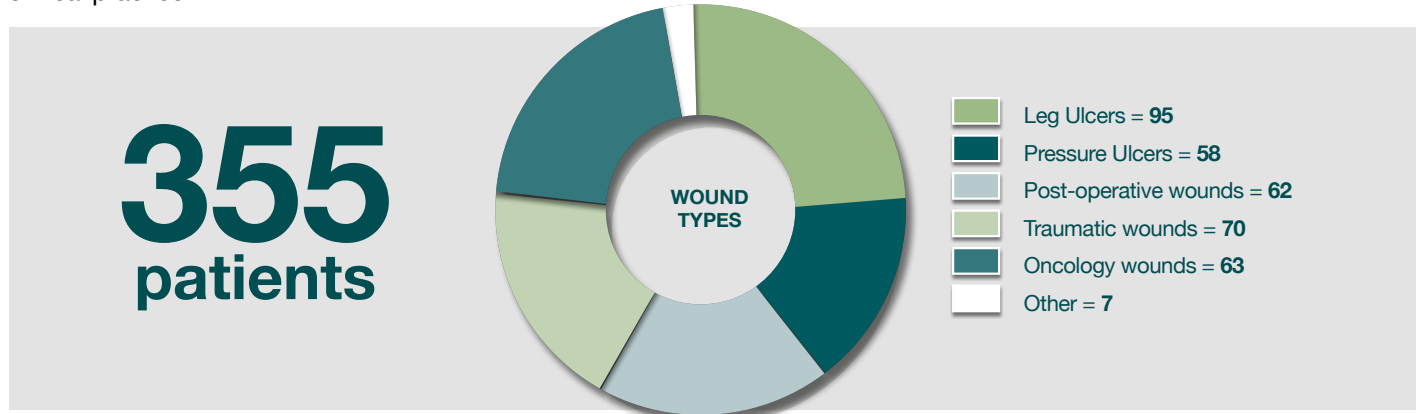
VALUE AND PERFORMANCE

Clinical studies have shown that Kliniderm Superabsorbent dressings deliver excellent clinical performance and substantial cost savings.



Evidence based care

This evaluation was conducted to rate **Kliniderm Superabsorbent** dressings performance and effectiveness in managing exudate, exudate retention, ease of application and ease of removal from **52** healthcare professionals, for **355** patients in clinical practice⁹.



The results below show % of those who reported positive outcomes when using **Kliniderm Superabsorbent**.



99%

Ease of application



98%

Exudate management



81%

Prevention of peri-wound maceration



100%

Ease of removal



98%

Atraumatic dressing changes

INDICATIONS:

Kliniderm Superabsorbent dressings may be used under compression and are indicated for moderate to heavily exuding acute or chronic wounds, throughout the healing process such as leg ulcers, pressure ulcers, oncology wounds, post-operative wounds and traumatic wounds.

Kliniderm Superabsorbent dressings are not indicated for dry, non-exuding or lightly exuding wounds, arterial bleeding or heavily bleeding wounds, cavity wounds, surgical implementation or third-degree burns.

Do not cut or tear the dressing.

Ordering information

Brand	Size	Pieces per box	Product code	NHSSC code	PIP code
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	10cm x 10cm	10	40511706	-	394-7132
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	10cm x 15cm	10	40511707	-	394-7124
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	10cm x 20cm	10	40511713	-	410-0087
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	20cm x 20cm	15	40511703	EJE227	394-7157
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	20cm x 30cm	10	40511704	EJE230	394-7165
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	20cm x 40cm	10	40511705	EME129	404-9508
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	7.5cm x 7.5cm	50	40511700	EKH071	-
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	10cm x 10cm	50	40511701	EJE228	-
Kliniderm Superabsorbent	10cm x 20cm	50	40511702	EJE229	-

Please scan QR code for more information.



References:

1. World Union of Wound Healing Societies (WUWHS) Consensus Document. Wound exudate: effective assessment and management Wounds International (2019).
2. Ermer-Seltun, J.M. and Rolstad, B.S. (2022) General principles of topical therapy. In: McNichol, L.L., Ratliff, C.R. and Yates, S.S (eds.) Wound, Ostomy and Continence Nurses Society Core Curriculum: Wound Management. 2nd ed. Wolters Kluwer; 136-156.
3. Jones, J. and Hampton, S. (2021) Use of a superabsorbent dressing in the management of exudate in hard-to-heal wounds. British Journal of Community Nursing, 26(3), S20-S29.
4. Sellars, L., Thornhill, S., Thomas, H. and Westgate, S.J. (2018) Sequestration and modulation of MMP-2 and MMP-9 by superabsorbent wound dressing. In: Wounds UK, 5-7 November, Harrogate.
5. Free swell absorption, 2015. Data on file.
6. Data on file. KLIN06.
7. Barrett, S. (2015) Cost-effective management of wound exudate. Wounds Essentials, 10(1).
8. Stephens, C. (2020) A 49 patient observational evaluation of the clinical benefits and acceptance of a superabsorbent dressing within 5 NHS sites in the UK. In: Wounds UK, 9-11 November, Harrogate.
9. Data on file. KLIN014.



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